Reg. No. :

## **Question Paper Code : 80456**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2021.

Sixth Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 2351/EC 61/10144 EC 602 - MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Regulations 2008/2010)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 1. List out the various standards of measurements.
- 2. Mention the errors in moving coil meters.
- 3. Compare CRO and DSO,
- 4. What is True RMS?
- 5. How do we generate a triangular waveform?
- 6. What is intermodulation distortion?
- 7. Define the term automation in Voltmeter.
- 8. Give the comparison table between analog voltmeter and digital voltmeter.
- 9. What are the elements of a digital data acquisition system.
- 10. Bring out the significance of IEEE-488 bus standard.

PART B —  $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$ 

- 11. (a) (i) Distinguish between international, primary, secondary and working standards. (8)
  - (ii) How systematic errors are classified? Give suitable examples and explain the measures taken to minimize these errors,
     (8)

- (b) (i) Explain in detail about the various error measurement system with statistical analysis (8)
  - (ii) Describe in detail about the moving iron meters with suitable examples. (8)
- 12. (a) Discuss in detail about the function of delay time base oscilloscopes with neat diagram. (16)

Or

- (b) With neat diagram explain in detail about the function of following measurement system.
  - (i) Vector meter (8)
  - (ii) Q meter. (8)
- 13. (a) (i) Bring out the differences between a pulse and a square wave generator. Draw the block diagram of a typical general purpose pulse generator and explain its working. (8)
  - (ii) A circuit having an effective capacitance of 160 pF is tuned to a frequency of 1.2 MHz. In this circuit the current falls to 70.7 % of its resonant value when the frequency of an emf of constant magnitude injected in series with the circuit deviates from the resonant frequency by 6 KHz. Calculate the Q factor and effective resistance by 6 KHz,

## Or

- (b) (i) With the help of a block schematic, explain the working of a digital LCR meter, Bring out its salient features and mention its advantages.
  (8)
  - (ii) Discuss in detail about the fundamental suppression type distortion analyser for determining the harmonics present in a signal.
     (8)
- 14. (a) Explain the architecture of computer controlled Virtual Instrumentation and mention its applications in various fields. (16)

## Or

- (b) Write short notes on the following topics.
  - (i) Automatic polarity indication (8)
  - (ii) Automatic ranging (4)
  - (iii) Automatic zeroing (4)

15.	(a)	(i)	Briefly explain the elements of digital data acquisition system.	(8)
		(ii)	Write short notes on IEEE488 bus standard.	(8)

## Or

- (b) (i) What is data logger? Explain the role of data loggers in data acquisition system. (8)
  - (ii) Write short notes on optical time domain reflectometer. (8)